

PSHE Statement of Intent:

Our PSHE curriculum will enable children to:

- Gain knowledge, skills and understanding to equip them to be healthy, independent and responsible members of our community
- Make informed decisions about their wellbeing, health and relationships as they move into adulthood.
- Have opportunities for them to learn about rights and responsibilities and appreciate what it means to be a member of society.
- Learn about risks and making safe, informed decisions.

Implementation:

The PSHE curriculum we provide is rich and engaging and is linked to National Standards. We follow the SCARF (Safety, Caring, Achievement, Resilience and Friendship) program that links with each schools' values and vision. SCARF gives teaching staff high quality planning and resources which our teachers adapt to their classes needs. This includes key vocabulary and questioning. Children are taught a variety of topics through SCARF such as road safety, hygiene, first aid and nutrition.

SCARF lesson plans are organised around the PSHE Association's Programmes of Study Learning Opportunities, which includes three core themes of Health and Wellbeing; Relationships; and, Living in the Wider World. These themes have been broken down into six main areas for termly coverage, and are ordered as follows:

- Me and My Relationships
- Valuing Difference
- Keeping Myself Safe
- Rights and Responsibilities
- Being my Best
- Growing and Changing

PSHE is taught weekly and mixed age classes follow the 2-year rolling program as set out in the curriculum plan.

At the Carrdyke Federation, our PSHE curriculum demonstrates appropriate subject knowledge, skills and understanding to fulfil the statutory duties of the Relationship Education (RE),
Relationship and Sex Education (RSE) and Health Education (HE) curriculums. It is hoped that our overall curriculum is designed to directly support the pastoral education of our pupils as well as
the academic outcomes that the school aims for.

Subject Knowledge

Process Knowledge or key skills

Class 1 EYFS	Me and my relationships	Valuing difference	Keeping myself safe
	Talk about similarities and differences. Name special people in their lives. Describe different feelings. Identify who can help if they are sad, worried or scared. Identify ways to help others or themselves if they are sad or worried.	Be sensitive towards others and celebrate what makes each person unique. Recognise that we can have things in common with others. Use speaking and listening skills to learn about the lives of their peers. Know the importance of showing care and kindness towards others. Demonstrate skills in building friendships and cooperation.	Talk about how to keep their bodies healthy and safe. Name ways to stay safe around medicines. Know how to stay safe in their home, classroom and outside. Know age-appropriate ways to stay safe online. Name adults in their lives and those in their community who keep them safe.
	Rights and responsibilities	Being my best	Growing and changing
	Understand that they can make a difference. Identify how they can care for their home, school and special people.	Feel resilient and confident in their learning. Name and discuss different types of feelings and emotions. Learn and use strategies or skills in approaching challenges. Understand that they can make healthy choices.	Understand that there are changes in nature and humans. Name the different stages in childhood and growing up. Understand that babies are made by a man and a woman.

	Talk about how they can make an impact on the natural world. Talk about similarities and differences between themselves. Demonstrate building relationships with friends.	Name and recognise how healthy choices can keep us well.	Use the correct vocabulary when naming the different parts of the body. Know how to keep themselves safe.
Class 2 Year A	Me and my relationships	Valuing difference	Keeping myself safe
	Understand that classroom rules help everyone to learn and be safe; Explain their classroom rules and be able to contribute to making these. Recognise how others might be feeling by reading body language/facial expressions; Understand and explain how our emotions can give a physical reaction in our body (e.g. butterflies in the tummy etc.) Identify a range of feelings; Identify how feelings might make us behave: Suggest strategies for someone experiencing 'not so good' feelings to manage these. Recognise that people's bodies and feelings can be hurt; Suggest ways of dealing with different kinds of hurt. Recognise that they belong to various groups and communities such as their family; Explain how these people help us and we can also help them to help us. Identify simple qualities of friendship; Suggest simple strategies for making up. Demonstrate attentive listening skills; Suggest simple strategies for resolving conflict situations; Give and receive positive feedback, and experience how this makes them feel.	Identify the differences and similarities between people; Empathise with those who are different from them; Begin to appreciate the positive aspects of these differences. Explain the difference between unkindness, teasing and bullying; Understand that bullying is usually quite rare. Explain some of their school rules and how those rules help to keep everybody safe. Identify some of the people who are special to them; Recognise and name some of the qualities that make a person special to them. Recognise and explain what is fair and unfair, kind and unkind; Suggest ways they can show kindness to others.	Understand that the body gets energy from food, water and air (oxygen); Recognise that exercise and sleep are important parts of a healthy lifestyle. Recognise the importance of sleep in maintaining a healthy, balanced lifestyle; Identify simple bedtime routines that promote healthy sleep. Recognise emotions and physical feelings associated with feeling unsafe; Identify people who can help them when they feel unsafe. Recognise the range of feelings that are associated with loss. Understand that medicines can sometimes make people feel better when they're ill; Explain simple issues of safety and responsibility about medicines and their use. Understand and learn the PANTS rules; Name and know which parts should be private; Explain the difference between appropriate and inappropriate touch; Understand that they have the right to say "no" to unwanted touch; Start thinking about who they trust and who they can ask for help.
	Rights and responsibilities	Being my best	Growing and changing
	Recognise the importance of regular hygiene routines; Sequence personal hygiene routines into a logical order. Identify what they like about the school environment; Recognise who cares for and looks after the school environment. Demonstrate responsibility in looking after something (e.g. a class pet or plant); Explain the importance of looking after things that belong to themselves or to others. Explain where people get money from; List some of the things that money may be spent on in a family home. Recognise that different notes and coins have different monetary value; Explain the importance of keeping money safe; Identify safe places to keep money; Understand the concept of 'saving money' (i.e. by keeping it in a safe placed and adding to it).	Recognise the importance of fruit and vegetables in their daily diet; Know that eating at least five portions of vegetables and fruit a day helps to maintain health. Recognise that they may have different tastes in food to others; Select foods from the Eatwell Guide (formerly Eatwell Plate) in order to make a healthy lunch; Recognise which foods we need to eat more of and which we need to eat less of to be healthy. Understand how diseases can spread; Recognise and use simple strategies for preventing the spread of diseases. Recognise that learning a new skill requires practice and the opportunity to fail, safely; Understand the learning line's use as a simple tool to describe the learning process, including overcoming challenges. Demonstrate attentive listening skills; Suggest simple strategies for resolving conflict situations; Give and receive positive feedback, and experience how this makes them feel. Recognise how a person's behaviour (including their own) can affect other people.	Name major internal body parts (heart, lungs, blood, stomach, intestines, brain); Understand and explain the simple bodily processes associated with them. Understand some of the tasks required to look after a baby; Explain how to meet the basic needs of a baby, for example, eye contact, cuddling, washing, changing, feeding. Identify things they could do as a baby, a toddler and can do now; Identify the people who help/helped them at those different stages. Explain the difference between teasing and bullying; Give examples of what they can do if they experience or witness bullying; Say who they could get help from in a bullying situation. Explain the difference between a secret and a nice surprise; Identify situations as being secrets or surprises; Identify who they can talk to if they feel uncomfortable about any secret they are told, or told to keep. Identify parts of the body that are private; Describe ways in which private parts can be kept private; Identify people they can talk to about their private parts.

Class 2 Year B	Me and my relationships	Valuing difference	Keeping myself safe
	Suggest actions that will contribute positively to the life of the classroom; Make and undertake pledges based on those actions. Take part in creating and agreeing classroom rules. Use a range of words to describe feelings; Recognise that people have different ways of expressing their feelings; Identify helpful ways of responding to other's feelings. Define what is meant by the terms 'bullying' and 'teasing' showing an understanding of the difference between the two; Identify situations as to whether they are incidents of teasing or bullying. Understand and describe strategies for dealing with bullying: Rehearse and demonstrate some of these strategies. Explain the difference between bullying and isolated unkind behaviour; Recognise that that there are different types of bullying and unkind behaviour; Understand that bullying and unkind behaviour are both unacceptable ways of behaving. Recognise that friendship is a special kind of relationship; Identify some of the ways that good friends care for each other. Recognise, name and understand how to deal with feelings (e.g. anger, loneliness); Explain where someone could get help if they were being upset by someone else's behaviour.	Identify some of the physical and non-physical differences and similarities between people; Know and use words and phrases that show respect for other people. Identify people who are special to them; Explain some of the ways those people are special to them. Recognise and explain how a person's behaviour can affect other people. Explain how it feels to be part of a group; Explain how it feels to be left out from a group; Identify groups they are part of; Suggest and use strategies for helping someone who is feeling left out. Recognise and describe acts of kindness and unkindness; Explain how these impact on other people's feelings; Suggest kind words and actions they can show to others; Show acts of kindness to others in school. Demonstrate active listening techniques (making eye contact, nodding head, making positive noises, not being distracted); Suggest strategies for dealing with a range of common situations requiring negotiation skills to help foster and maintain positive relationships.	Understand that medicines can sometimes make people feel better when they're ill; Give examples of some of the things that a person can do to feel better without use of medicines, if they are unwell; Explain simple issues of safety and responsibility about medicines and their use. Identify situations in which they would feel safe or unsafe; Suggest actions for dealing with unsafe situations including who they could ask for help. Identify situations in which they would need to say 'Yes', 'No', 'I'll ask', or 'I'll tell', in relation to keeping themselves and others safe. Recognise that body language and facial expression can give clues as to how comfortable and safe someone feels in a situation; Identify the types of touch they like and do not like; Identify who they can talk to if someone touches them in a way that makes them feel uncomfortable. Recognise that some touches are not fun and can hurt or be upsetting; Know that they can ask someone to stop touching them; Identify who they can talk to if someone touches them in a way that makes them feel uncomfortable. Identify safe secrets (including surprises) and unsafe secrets; Recognise the importance of telling someone they trust about a secret which makes them feel unsafe or uncomfortable. Identify how inappropriate touch can make someone feel; Understand that there are unsafe secrets and secrets that are nice surprises; Explain that if someone is being touched in a way that they don't like they have to tell someone in their safety network so they can help it stop.
	Rights and responsibilities	Being my best	Growing and changing
	Describe and record strategies for getting on with others in the classroom. Explain, and be able to use, strategies for dealing with impulsive behaviour. Identify special people in the school and community who can help to keep them safe; Know how to ask for help. Identify what they like about the school environment; Identify any problems with the school environment (e.g. things needing repair); Make suggestions for improving the school environment; Recognise that they all have a responsibility for helping to look after the school environment. Understand that people have choices about what they do with their money; Know that money can be saved for a use at a future time; Explain how they might feel when they spend money on different things. Recognise that money can be spent on items which are essential or non-essential;	Explain the stages of the learning line showing an understanding of the learning process; Help themselves and others develop a positive attitude that support their wellbeing; Identify and describe where they are on the learning line in a given activity and apply its positive mindset strategies to their own learning. Understand and give examples of things they can choose themselves and things that others choose for them; Explain things that they like and dislike, and understand that they have choices about these things; Understand and explain that some choices can be either healthy or unhealthy and can make a difference to their own health. Explain how germs can be spread; Describe simple hygiene routines such as hand washing; Understand that vaccinations can help to prevent certain illnesses. Explain the importance of good dental hygiene; Describe simple dental hygiene routines. Understand that the body gets energy from food, water and oxygen; Recognise that exercise and sleep are important to health Name major internal body parts (heart, blood, lungs, stomach, small and large intestines, brain); Describe how food, water and air get into the body and blood.	Demonstrate simple ways of giving positive feedback to others. Recognise the range of feelings that are associated with losing (and being reunited) with a person they are close to. Identify different stages of growth (e.g. baby, toddler, child, teenager, adult); Understand and describe some of the things that people are capable of at these different stages. Identify which parts of the human body are private; Explain that a person's genitals help them to make babies when they are grown up; Understand that humans mostly have the same body parts but that they can look different from person to person. Explain what privacy means; Know that you are not allowed to touch someone's private belongings without their permission; Give examples of different types of private information.

Class 3 Year A	Know that money can be saved for a future time and understand the reasons why people (including themselves) might do this. Me and my relationships	Valuing difference	Keeping myself safe
Class 3 Teal A	Explain why we have rules; Explore why rules are different for different age groups, in particular for internet-based activities; Suggest appropriate rules for a range of settings; Consider the possible consequences of breaking the rules. Explain some of the feelings someone might have when they lose something important to them; Understand that these feelings are normal and a way of dealing with the situation. Define and demonstrate cooperation and collaboration; Identify the different skills that people can bring to a group task; Demonstrate how working together in a collaborative manner can help everyone to achieve success. Identify people who they have a special relationship with; Suggest strategies for maintaining a positive relationship with their special people. Rehearse and demonstrate simple strategies for resolving given conflict situations. Explain what a dare is; Understand that no-one has the right to force them to do a dare; Suggest strategies to use if they are ever made to feel uncomfortable or unsafe by someone asking them to do a dare. Express opinions and listen to those of others; Consider others' points of view; Practise explaining the thinking behind their ideas and opinions. Identify qualities of friendship; Suggest reasons why friends sometimes fall out; Rehearse and use, now or in the future, skills for making up again.	Recognise that there are many different types of family; Understand what is meant by 'adoption' 'fostering' and 'same-sex relationships.' Define the term 'community'; Identify the different communities that they belong to; Recognise the benefits that come with belonging to a community, in particular the benefit to mental health and wellbeing. Reflect on listening skills; Give examples of respectful language; Give examples of how to challenge another's viewpoint, respectfully. Explain that people living in the UK have different origins; Identify similarities and differences between a diverse range of people from varying national, regional, ethnic and religious backgrounds; Identity some of the qualities that people from a diverse range of backgrounds need in order to get on together. Recognise the factors that make people similar to and different from each other; Recognise that repeated name calling is a form of bullying; Suggest strategies for dealing with name calling (including talking to a trusted adult). Understand and explain some of the reasons why different people are bullied; Explore why people have prejudiced views and understand what this is.	Identify situations which are safe or unsafe; Identify people who can help if a situation is unsafe; Suggest strategies for keeping safe. Define the words danger and risk and explain the difference between the two; Demonstrate strategies for dealing with a risky situation. Identify some key risks from and effects of cigarettes and alcohol; Know that most people choose not to smoke cigarettes; (Social Norms message) Define the word 'drug' and understand that nicotine and alcohol are both drugs. Identify risk factors in given situations; Suggest ways of reducing or managing those risks. Evaluate the validity of statements relating to online safety; Recognise potential risks associated with browsing online; Give examples of strategies for safe browsing online. Know that our body can often give us a sign when something doesn't feel right; to trust these signs and talk to a trusted adult if this happens; Recognise and describe appropriate behaviour online as well as offline; Identify what constitutes personal information and when it is not appropriate or safe to share this; Understand and explain how to get help in a situation where requests for images or information of themselves or others occurs. Demonstrate strategies for assessing risks; Understand and explain decision-making skills; Understand that medicines are drugs and suggest ways that they can be helpful or harmful.
	Rights and responsibilities	Being my best	Growing and changing
	Define what a volunteer is; Identify people who are volunteers in the school community; Recognise some of the reasons why people volunteer, including mental health and wellbeing benefits to those who volunteer. Identify key people who are responsible for them to stay safe and healthy; Suggest ways they can help these people. Understand the difference between 'fact' and 'opinion'; Understand how an event can be perceived from different viewpoints; Plan, draft and publish a recount using the appropriate language. Define what is meant by the environment; Evaluate and explain different methods of looking after the school environment:	Explain how each of the food groups on the Eatwell Guide (formerly Eatwell Plate) benefits the body; Explain what is meant by the term 'balanced diet'; Give examples what foods might make up a healthy balanced meal. Explain how some infectious illnesses are spread from one person to another; Explain how simple hygiene routines can help to reduce the risk of the spread of infectious illnesses; Suggest medical and non-medical ways of treating an illness. Develop skills in discussion and debating an issue; Demonstrate their understanding of health and wellbeing issues that are relevant to them; Empathise with different view points; Make recommendations, based on their research. Identify their achievements and areas of development; Recognise that people may say kind things to help us feel good about ourselves:	Identify different types of relationships; Recognise who they have positive healthy relationships with. Understand what is meant by the term body space (or personal space); Identify when it is appropriate or inappropriate to allow someone into their body space; Rehearse strategies for when someone is inappropriately in their body space. Define the terms 'secret' and 'surprise' and know the difference between a safe and an unsafe secret; Recognise how different surprises and secrets might make them feel; Know who they could ask for help if a secret made them feel uncomfortable or unsafe. Recognise that babies come from the joining of an egg and sperm; Explain what happens when an egg doesn't meet a sperm;

Class 3 Year B	Devise methods of promoting their priority method. Understand the terms 'income', 'saving' and 'spending'; Recognise that there are times we can buy items we want and times when we need to save for items; Suggest items and services around the home that need to be paid for (e.g. food, furniture, electricity etc.) Explain that people earn their income through their jobs; Understand that the amount people get paid is due to a range of factors (skill, experience, training, responsibility etc.) Me and my relationships	Explain why some groups of people are not represented as much on television/in the media. Demonstrate how working together in a collaborative manner can help everyone to achieve success; Understand and explain how the brain sends and receives messages through the nerves. Name major internal body parts (heart, blood, lungs, stomach, small and large intestines, liver, brain); Describe how food, water and air get into the body and blood. Explain some of the different talents and skills that people have and how skills are developed; Recognise their own skills and those of other children in the class. Valuing difference	Understand that for girls, periods are a normal part of puberty.
CidSS 3 Tedi B	<u> </u>		Keeping myself safe
	Describe 'good' and 'not so good' feelings and how feelings can affect our physical state; Explain how different words can express the intensity of feelings. Explain what we mean by a 'positive, healthy relationship'; Describe some of the qualities that they admire in others. Recognise that there are times when they might need to say 'no' to a friend; Describe appropriate assertive strategies for saying 'no' to a friend. Demonstrate strategies for working on a collaborative task; Define successful qualities of teamwork and collaboration. Identify a wide range of feelings; Recognise that different people can have different feelings in the same situation; Explain how feelings can be linked to physical state. Demonstrate a range of feelings through their facial expressions and body language; Recognise that their feelings might change towards someone or something once they have further information. Give examples of strategies to respond to being bullied, including what people can do and say; Understand and give examples of who or where pressure to behave in an unhealthy, unacceptable or risky way might come from.	Define the terms 'negotiation' and 'compromise'; Understand the need to manage conflict or differences and suggest ways of doing this, through negotiation and compromise. Understand that they have the right to protect their personal body space; Recognise how others' non-verbal signals indicate how they feel when people are close to their body space; Suggest people they can talk to if they feel uncomfortable with other people's actions towards them. Recognise that they have different types of relationships with people they know (e.g. close family, wider family, friends, acquaintances); Give examples of features of these different types of relationships, including how they influence what is shared. List some of the ways that people are different to each other (including differences of race, gender, religion); Recognise potential consequences of aggressive behaviour; Suggest strategies for dealing with someone who is behaving aggressively. List some of the ways in which people are different to each other (including ethnicity, gender, religious beliefs, customs and festivals); Define the word respect and demonstrate ways of showing respect to others' differences. Understand and identify stereotypes, including those promoted in the media.	Define the terms 'danger', 'risk' and 'hazard' and explain the difference between them; Identify situations which are either dangerous, risky or hazardous; Suggest simple strategies for managing risk. Identify images that are safe/unsafe to share online; Know and explain strategies for safe online sharing; Understand and explain the implications of sharing images online without consent. Define what is meant by the word 'dare'; Identify from given scenarios which are dares and which are not; Suggest strategies for managing dares. Understand that medicines are drugs; Explain safety issues for medicine use; Suggest alternatives to taking a medicine when unwell; Suggest strategies for limiting the spread of infectious diseases (e.g. hand-washing routines). Understand some of the key risks and effects of smoking and drinking alcohol; Understand that increasing numbers of young people are choosing not to smoke and that not all people drink alcohol (Social Norms theory). Describe stages of identifying and managing risk; Suggest people they can ask for help in managing risk. Understand that we can be influenced both positively and negatively; Give examples of some of the consequences of behaving in an unacceptable, unhealthy or risky way.
	Rights and responsibilities	Being my best	Growing and changing
	Explain how different people in the school and local community help them stay healthy and safe; Define what is meant by 'being responsible'; Describe the various responsibilities of those who help them stay healthy and safe; Suggest ways they can help the people who keep them healthy and safe. Understand that humans have rights and also responsibilities; Identify some rights and also responsibilities that come with these. Understand the reason we have rules;	Identify ways in which everyone is unique; Appreciate their own uniqueness; Recognise that there are times when they will make the same choices as their friends and times when they will choose differently. Give examples of choices they make for themselves and choices others make for them; Recognise that there are times when they will make the same choices as their friends and times when they will choose differently. Understand that the body gets energy from food, water and oxygen and that exercise and sleep are important to our health; Plan a menu which gives a healthy balanced of foods from across the food groups on the Eatwell Guide (formerly Eatwell Plate).	Describe some of the changes that happen to people during their lives; Explain how the Learning Line can be used as a tool to help them manage change more easily; Suggest people who may be able to help them deal with change. Name some positive and negative feelings; Understand how the onset of puberty can have emotional as well as physical impact Suggest reasons why young people sometimes fall out with their parents; Take part in a role play practising how to compromise. Identify parts of the body that males and females have in common and those that are different;

Suggest and engage with ways that they can contribute to Understand the ways in which they can contribute to the care of the Know the correct terminology for their genitalia; the decision-making process in school (e.g. through pupil environment (using some or all of the seven Rs); Understand and explain why puberty happens. voice/school council); Suggest ways the Seven Rs recycling methods can be applied to Know the key facts of the menstrual cycle; Recognise that everyone can make a difference within a different scenarios. Understand that periods are a normal part of puberty for girls: democratic process. Define what is meant by the word 'community': Identify some of the ways to cope better with periods. Define the word influence: Suggest ways in which different people support the school Define the terms 'secret' and 'surprise' and know the difference Recognise that reports in the media can influence the way community: between a safe and an unsafe secret: they think about a topic: Identify qualities and attributes of people who support the school Recognise how different surprises and secrets might make them Form and present their own opinions based on factual community. feel: information and express or present these in a respectful Know who they could ask for help if a secret made them feel and courteous manner. uncomfortable or unsafe. Explain the role of the bystander and how it can influence Understand that marriage is a commitment to be entered into bullving or other anti-social behaviour: freely and not against someone's will; Recognise that they can play a role in influencing Recognise that marriage includes same sex and opposite sex outcomes of situations by their actions. partners: Understand some of the ways that various national and Know the legal age for marriage in England or Scotland; international environmental organisations work to help take Discuss the reasons why a person would want to be married, or care of the environment: live together, or have a civil ceremony. Understand and explain the value of this work. Define the terms 'income' and 'expenditure'; List some of the items and services of expenditure in the school and in the home: Prioritise items of expenditure in the home from most essential to least essential. Explain what is meant by the terms 'income tax', 'National Insurance' and 'VAT': Understand how a payslip is laid out showing both pay and deductions: Prioritise public services from most essential to least essential. Class 4 Year A Me and my relationships Valuing difference Keeping myself safe Explain what collaboration means: Define some key qualities of friendship; Explain what a habit is, giving examples; Give examples of how they have worked collaboratively: Describe ways of making a friendship last: Describe why and how a habit can be hard to change. Describe the attributes needed to work collaboratively. Explain why friendships sometimes end. Recognise that there are positive and negative risks: Explain what is meant by the terms negotiation and Rehearse active listening skills: Explain how to weigh up risk factors when making a decision; Describe some of the possible outcomes of taking a risk. compromise: Demonstrate respectfulness in responding to others: Describe strategies for resolving difficult issues or Demonstrate strategies to deal with both face-to-face and online Respond appropriately to others. situations. Develop an understanding of discrimination and its injustice, and Demonstrate how to respond to a wide range of feelings in describe this using examples: Demonstrate strategies and skills for supporting others who are Empathise with people who have been, and currently are, subjected Give examples of some key qualities of friendship: to injustice, including through racism: Recognise and describe the difference between online and face-Reflect on their own friendship qualities. Consider how discriminatory behaviour can be challenged. to-face bullving. Identify what things make a relationship unhealthy: Identify and describe the different groups that make up their Define what is meant by a dare: school/wider community/other parts of the UK: Identify who they could talk to if they needed help. Explain why someone might give a dare: Suggest ways of standing up to someone who gives a dare. Identify characteristics of passive, aggressive and Describe the benefits of living in a diverse society; Explain the importance of mutual respect for different faiths and assertive behaviours: Recognise which situations are risky: Understand and rehearse assertiveness skills. beliefs and how we demonstrate this. Explore and share their views about decision making when faced Recognise basic emotional needs, understand that they Understand that the information we see online, either text or images. with a risky situation: change according to circumstance; is not always true or accurate: Suggest what someone should do when faced with a risky Identify risk factors in a given situation (involving smoking Recognise that some people post things online about themselves situation. or other scenarios) and consider outcomes of risk taking in that aren't true, sometimes this is so that people will like them; Consider what information is safe/unsafe to share offline and this situation, including emotional risks. Understand and explain the difference between sex, gender identity, online, and reflect on the consequences of not keeping personal Understand that online communication can be gender expression and sexual orientation. information private: Identify the consequences of positive and negative behaviour on misinterpreted; themselves and others:

	Accept that responsible and respectful behaviour is necessary when interacting with others online as well as face-to-face. Rights and responsibilities	Give examples of how individual/group actions can impact on others in a positive or negative way. Being my best	Recognise that people aren't always who they appear to be online and explain risks of being friends online with a person they have not met face-to-face; Know how to protect personal information online; Recognise disrespectful behaviour online and know how to respond to it. Understand some of the complexities of categorising drugs; Know that all medicines are drugs but not all drugs are medicines; Understand ways in which medicines can be helpful or harmful and used safely or unsafely. Understand the actual norms around smoking and the reasons for common misperceptions of these. Identify risk factors in a given situation (involving smoking) and consider outcomes of risk taking in this situation, including emotional risks; Understand the actual norms around smoking/alcohol and the reasons for common misperceptions of these. Growing and changing
	Identify, write and discuss issues currently in the media concerning health and wellbeing; Express their opinions on an issue concerning health and wellbeing; Make recommendations on an issue concerning health and wellbeing. Understand the difference between a fact and an opinion; Understand what biased reporting is and the need to think critically about things we read. Define the differences between responsibilities, rights and duties; Discuss what can make them difficult to follow; Identify the impact on individuals and the wider community if responsibilities are not carried out. Explain what we mean by the terms voluntary, community and pressure (action) group; Give examples of voluntary groups, the kind of work they do and its value. Define the terms loan, credit, debt and interest; Suggest advice for a range of situations involving personal finance. Explain some of the areas that local councils have responsibility for; Understand that local councillors are elected to represent their local community.	Know two harmful effects each of smoking/drinking alcohol. Explain the importance of food, water and oxygen, sleep and exercise for the human body and its health. Understand the actual norms around smoking and the reasons for common misperceptions of these. Know the basic functions of the four systems covered and know they are inter-related. Explain the function of at least one internal organ. Understand the importance of food, water and oxygen, sleep and exercise for the human body and its health. Identify their own strengths and talents; Identify areas that need improvement and describe strategies for achieving those improvements. State what is meant by community; Explain what being part of a school community means to them; Suggest ways of improving the school community. Identify people who are responsible for helping them stay healthy and safe; Identify ways that they can help these people. Describe 'star' qualities of celebrities as portrayed by the media; Recognise that the way people are portrayed in the media isn't always an accurate reflection of them in real life; Describe 'star' qualities that 'ordinary' people have.	Use a range of words and phrases to describe the intensity of different feelings Distinguish between good and not so good feelings, using appropriate vocabulary to describe these; Explain strategies they can use to build resilience. Identify people who can be trusted; Understand what kinds of touch are acceptable or unacceptable; Describe strategies for dealing with situations in which they would feel uncomfortable, particularly in relation to inappropriate touch. Explain how someone might feel when they are separated from someone or something they like; Suggest ways to help someone who is separated from someone or something they like. Know the correct words for the external sexual organs; Discuss some of the myths associated with puberty. Identify some products that they may need during puberty and why; Know what menstruation is and why it happens. Recognise how our body feels when we're relaxed; List some of the ways our body feels when it is nervous or sad; Describe and/or demonstrate how to be resilient in order to find someone who will listen to you. Identify the consequences of positive and negative behaviour on themselves and others; Give examples of how individual/group actions can impact on others in a positive or negative way. Explain the difference between a safe and an unsafe secret; Identify situations where someone might need to break a confidence in order to keep someone safe. Recognise that some people can get bullied because of the way they express their gender; Give examples of how bullying behaviours can be stopped.
Class 4 Year B	Me and my relationships	Valuing difference	Keeping myself safe
	Demonstrate a collaborative approach to a task; Describe and implement the skills needed to do this.	Recognise that bullying and discriminatory behaviour can result from disrespect of people's differences; Suggest strategies for dealing with bullying, as a bystander;	Accept that responsible and respectful behaviour is necessary when interacting with others online and face-to-face;

Explain what is meant by the terms 'negotiation' and Understand and describe the ease with which something posted Describe positive attributes of their peers. 'compromise': Know that all people are unique but that we have far more in online can spread Suggest positive strategies for negotiating and common with each other than what is different about us; Identify strategies for keeping personal information safe online; compromising within a collaborative task: Consider how a bystander can respond to someone being rude. Describe safe behaviours when using communication technology. Demonstrate positive strategies for negotiating and offensive or bullying someone else: Know that it is illegal to create and share sexual images of compromising within a collaborative task. Demonstrate ways of offering support to someone who has been children under 18 years old; Recognise some of the challenges that arise from bullied . Explore the risks of sharing photos and films of themselves with friendships: other people directly or online: Demonstrate ways of showing respect to others, using verbal and Suggest strategies for dealing with such challenges non-verbal communication. Know how to keep their information private online. demonstrating the need for respect and an assertive Understand and explain the term prejudice: Define what is meant by addiction, demonstrating an approach. Identify and describe the different groups that make up their understanding that addiction is a form of behaviour: List some assertive behaviours: school/wider community/other parts of the UK: Understand that all humans have basic emotional needs and Recognise peer influence and pressure: Describe the benefits of living in a diverse society: explain some of the ways these needs can be met. Demonstrate using some assertive behaviours, through Explain the importance of mutual respect for different faiths and Explain how drugs can be categorised into different groups role-play, to resist peer influence and pressure. beliefs and how we demonstrate this. depending on their medical and legal context: Recognise and empathise with patterns of behaviour in Explain the difference between a friend and an acquaintance: Demonstrate an understanding that drugs can have both medical peer-group dynamics: Describe qualities of a strong, positive friendship: and non-medical uses: Recognise basic emotional needs and understand that Describe the benefits of other types of relationship (e.g. neighbour. Explain in simple terms some of the laws that control drugs in this they change according to circumstance: parent/carer, relative). country. Suggest strategies for dealing assertively with a situation Define what is meant by the term stereotype; Understand some of the basic laws in relation to drugs: where someone under pressure may do something they Recognise how the media can sometimes reinforce gender Explain why there are laws relating to drugs in this country. feel uncomfortable about. Understand the actual norms around drinking alcohol and the stereotypes: reasons for common misperceptions of these: Describe the consequences of reacting to others in a Recognise that people fall into a wide range of what is seen as positive or negative way: normal: Describe some of the effects and risks of drinking alcohol. Suggest ways that people can respond more positively to Understand that all humans have basic emotional needs and Challenge stereotypical gender portrayals of people explain some of the ways these needs can be met; Describe ways in which people show their commitment to Explain how these emotional needs impact on people's each other: behaviour. Know the ages at which a person can marry, depending on Suggest positive ways that people can get their emotional need whether their parents agree: Understand that everyone has the right to be free to Understand and give examples of conflicting emotions: choose who and whether to marry. Understand and reflect on how independence and responsibility Recognise that some types of physical contact can go together. produce strong negative feelings: Know that some inappropriate touch is also illegal. Identify strategies for keeping personal information safe Describe safe and respectful behaviours when using communication technology. Rights and responsibilities Being my best **Growing and changing** Define the terms 'fact', 'opinion', 'biased' and 'unbiased'. Identify aspirational goals: Recognise some of the changes they have experienced and their explaining the difference between them; Describe the actions needed to set and achieve these. emotional responses to those changes: Describe the language and techniques that make up a Explain what the five ways to wellbeing are: Suggest positive strategies for dealing with change: biased report: Describe how the five ways to wellbeing contribute to a healthy Identify people who can support someone who is dealing with a Analyse a report also extract the facts from it. lifestyle, giving examples of how they can be implemented in challenging time of change. Know the legal age (and reason behind these) for having a people's lives. Understand that fame can be short-lived: Identify risk factors in a given situation: Recognise that photos can be changed to match society's view of social media account: Understand why people don't tell the truth and often post Understand and explain the outcomes of risk-taking in a given only the good bits about themselves. online: situation, including emotional risks. Identify qualities that people have, as well as their looks. Recognise that people's lives are much more balanced in Recognise what risk is: Define what is meant by the term stereotype: real life, with positives and negatives. Explain how a risk can be reduced: Recognise how the media can sometimes reinforce gender Explain some benefits of saving money: Understand risks related to growing up and explain the need to be Describe the different ways money can be saved, outlining aware of these: Recognise that people fall into a wide range of what is seen as the pros and cons of each method; Assess a risk to help keep themselves safe. normal: Describe the costs that go into producing an item: Challenge stereotypical gender portrayals of people.

Suggest sale prices for a variety of items, taking into account a range of factors;

Explain what is meant by the term interest.

Recognise and explain that different jobs have different levels of pay and the factors that influence this;

Explain the different types of tax (income tax and VAT) which help to fund public services;

Evaluate the different public services and compare their value.

Explain what we mean by the terms voluntary, community and pressure (action) group:

Describe the aim, mission statement, activity and beneficiaries of a chosen voluntary, community or action group.

Explain what is meant by living in an environmentally sustainable way;

Suggest actions that could be taken to live in a more environmentally sustainable way.

Understand the risks of sharing images online and how these are hard to control, once shared;

Understand that people can feel pressured to behave in a certain way because of the influence of the peer group;

Understand the norms of risk-taking behaviour and that these are usually lower than people believe them to be.

Define the word 'puberty' giving examples of some of the physical and emotional changes associated with it;

Suggest strategies that would help someone who felt challenged by the changes in puberty;

Understand what FGM is and that it is an illegal practice in this country;

Know where someone could get support if they were concerned about their own or another person's safety.

Explain the difference between a safe and an unsafe secret;

Identify situations where someone might need to break a confidence in order to keep someone safe.

Identify the changes that happen through puberty to allow sexual reproduction to occur;

Know a variety of ways in which the sperm can fertilise the egg to create a baby;

Know the legal age of consent and what it means.

Explain how HIV affects the body's immune system;

Understand that HIV is difficult to transmit;

Know how a person can protect themself from HIV.